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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/614,040	07/08/2003	I-Ming Lin	TOP 296	6717
23995 7590 03/28/2007 RABIN & Berdo, PC 1101 14TH STREET, NW			EXAMINER	
			BRITT, CYNTHIA H	
SUITE 500 WASHINGTO	N DC 20005	,	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD OF RESPONSE		MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MONTHS		03/28/2007	PAPER	

# Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/614,040	LIN ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Cynthia Britt	2138			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).					
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 16 Ja	nuary 2007.				
<i>'</i>	,—				
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) 1,2 and 4-12 is/are pending in the app	blication				
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,2 and 6-12</u> is/are rejected.					
7)⊠ Claim(s) <u>4 and 5</u> is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement				
	olookon requirement.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.					
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>28 June 2006</u> is/are: a)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	<del>*</del> · ·	• •			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> </ul>					
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)					
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date					
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	5) Notice of Informal P	atent Application			
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6)				

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

Claims 1,2, and 4-12 are pending in this application. Claims 3 and 13-24 are cancelled.

### Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1,2, and 4-12 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

#### Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 4 and 5 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1, 2, 7-10 and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Douskey et al. U.S. Patent No. 6,735,543.

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As per claim 1, Douskey et al. teach the claimed method for testing signals of integrated circuits (ICs); successively driving, by a first IC chip, a plurality of test patterns one at a time; receiving, at a second IC chip, and latching in the test patterns one by one; (column 11 line 59 through column 12 line 14) determining, by the second IC chip, whether a currently latched test pattern is correct; if at least an error bit occurs in the currently latched test pattern, the second IC chip indicating that there exists noise interference in a signal trace corresponding to the error bit; (column 12 lines 15-25) repeating the above steps until the first IC chip finishes driving the test patterns; and if the currently latched test pattern is incorrect, the second IC chip adjusting a reference voltage level in accordance with the type of the corresponding test pattern to change an input threshold of the second IC chip (column 13 lines 52-59).

As per claim 2, Douskey et al. teach the test patterns are at least divided into three types including a ground bounce type, a power bounce type and a heavy load type (column 16 lines 38-60).

As per claims 7 and 12, Douskey et al. teach the reference voltage level and/or the output timing is adjusted by changing an internal register setting of the second IC chip (column 19 line 57 through column 20 line 2).

As per claims 8-10, Douskey et al. teach adjusting a driving capability of a pin relative to the error bit for the first IC chip to change the pin's output timing (column 6 line 57 through column 7 line 5, column 17 lines 33-48, and column 18 lines 6-48).

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## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 6 and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Douskey et al. U.S. Patent No. 6,735,543.

As per claims 6 and 11, Douskey et al. teach the claimed method for testing signals of integrated circuits (ICs); successively driving, by a first IC chip, a plurality of test patterns one at a time; receiving, at a second IC chip, and latching in the test patterns one by one; (column 11 line 59 through column 12 line 14) determining, by the

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second IC chip, whether a currently latched test pattern is correct; if at least an error bit occurs in the currently latched test pattern, the second IC chip indicating that there exists noise interference in a signal trace corresponding to the error bit; (column 12 lines 15-25) repeating the above steps until the first IC chip finishes driving the test patterns; and if the currently latched test pattern is incorrect, the second IC chip adjusting a reference voltage level in accordance with the type of the corresponding test pattern to change an input threshold of the second IC chip (column 13 lines 52-59).

Not disclosed by Douskey et al. is that the reference voltage level is adjusted in a unit of 0.01 volts at a time and the output timing is changed in a unit of 150 ps at a time when adjusting the pin's driving capability for the first IC chip. However, it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time this invention was made to have used these or other timing or voltage increments in order to achieve the desired voltage or timing results or outputs.

#### Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not

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mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Cynthia Britt whose telephone number is 571-272-3815. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Thursday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Albert Decady can be reached on 571-272-3819. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

> Cynthia Britt **Primary Examiner**

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